THE ASIAN JOURNAL OF HORTICULTURE Volume 9 | Issue 1 | June, 2014 | 274-275 e ISSN- 0976-724X | Open Access-www.researchjournal.co.in |

Research Note

Article history:

Received: 21.11.2013 Accepted: 27.05.2014

Members of the Research Forum

Associated Authors:

¹Department of Vegetable Science, Horticultural Research Station, Haveri, DEVIHOSUR (KARNATAKA) INDIA

Author for correspondence : S.M. KALE

Department of Agricultural Extension Education, College of Agriculture, GULBARGA (KARNATAKA) INDIA

Evaluation of onion genotypes against purple blotch (*Alternaria porri*)

S.M. KALE AND P.S. AJJAPPALAVARA¹

ABSTRACT : Purple blotch caused by *Alternaria porri* is one of the most important prevalent disease of onion and causes severe economic losses to farmers. Forty four genotypes of onion were evaluated and screened against purple blotch disease. Based on the results obtained all the genotypes were grouped into five grades. Out of 44 genotypes none of them was found resistance or immune, while 5 genotypes *viz.*, OG-4, OG-7, OG-14, OG-34 and OG-44 were found to be moderately resistant (Grade 2) and per cent of leaf area infection ranged from 11.00 to 20.00 per cent. Under moderately susceptible (Grade 3) 31 genotypes were grouped with 21.00-40.00% leaf area infection, five were susceptible (Grade 4) with leaf area infection from 41.00% - 60.00% and the remaining two genotypes were highly susceptible with grade 5 and leaf area infection was more than 60%.

KEY WORDS: Onion, Allium cepa L. Purple blotch, Alternaria porri

HOW TO CITE THIS ARTICLE: Kale, S.M. and Ajjappalavara, P.S. (2014). Evaluation of onion genotypes against purple blotch (*Alternaria porri*). *Asian J. Hort.*, **9**(1): 274-275.